

THE EFFECTS OF THE FROST.

So long as it was at all probable that the devastation occasioned to the planting interests by the late frosts was restricted in its area to Georgia and the adjoining cotton-growing States, it was a matter of serious regret, gloom and apprehension to the planters of those States. But now that it is fully ascertained that the frosts have extended through nearly the entire cotton-growing region, and the destruction has been general, it becomes a question whether the latter will, in truth, be a calamity or not. Accounts from every direction, North, South, East and West, conclusively indicate that all have endured a common fate, and that the cotton crop of 1849 must be greatly curtailed. That it will be beneficial to the planters of the South that it should be curtailed, provided that curtailment is general, is a matter already admitted. It has been admitted by the assent universally given to the proposition, that there has been an overproduction of late in the cotton-growing States, that more cotton has been made than was requisite to supply the demand, that a diminution of production would occasion an increase of price, and that the farmer, in case half a crop should be produced, would receive the same amount of money for it, saving at home all the labor attendant upon picking, growing, packing and preparing it for sale, and transporting it to market. If the effects of the late frosts be as general as we have supposed them, they will have practically carried out the objects of the various associations which have been proposed from different quarters of the South, for the purpose of securing a general reduction of the crop of cotton.

So far as the planter is concerned, therefore, we do not see so much cause for gloom on account of the late apparent calamity. It is true that it is melancholy enough to see a promising crop, just shooting from the earth, withered and blackened by frost. It is like the nipping hope in the bud. Yet if the consummation shall be effected to which we have referred, it may be discovered in the end, that, as is frequently the case with the dispensations of providence, apparent evil is positive good, and what is thought to be a curse at first may prove to be a blessing at last. Nor, in the view which we have taken of the matter, will the general pecuniary interests of the South be materially affected, since the same amount of money will be paid for her half crop of cotton. As a general thing we may take it for granted that the amount paid for the cotton crop of the South, does not vary greatly from year to year. If there is more produced the price is lowered; if less is grown, the price is raised—and a calculation would show that the common standard is reached at last. One thing is certain that over-production in the growing of cotton benefits no one less than the planter, and that under production injures all others more than the planter. We mean, of course, all others in any wise interested in the transportation, sale and manufacturing of the raw material.

The great danger to be apprehended as resulting from the curtailment of the present crop is that it will engender a spirit of speculation among our merchants which is never healthy, always hazardous, and may be ruinous. All shocks to the commercial world are as injurious as shocks to the physical frame; whether produced by sudden delight or sudden disappointment. That the price of cotton must rise appears to us to be a necessary consequence of the present position of things. Georgia is the largest cotton-growing state in the South, and there is every reason to believe that she cannot produce more than half a crop in 1849, assuming that all the seasons henceforth will be favorable, and that the late frost of the spring will not be answered (as is generally the case) by an early frost in the fall. It is reasonable to believe, from reports received, that such or similar will be the state of things throughout the South. The price of cotton, therefore, must rise, and speculation will be warned into life.

IRELAND.—A letter from Waterford, alluding to the rush of emigration from that port, goes on to say: "There is no blinking the question, that if the present emigration goes on much longer there will not be sufficient labor left in Ireland to till half the land for support of such as may survive the ruin that is apparent to all acquainted with the country. Its truth was native but candidly allowed by Mr. Stephens, a solicitor, who in the course of a case lately tried, expressed the almost universal feeling on this point. He said that if emigration continued much longer to thin the population, the cows would have to go six or seven miles to get milked."

HONORS OF FAMINE.—These last weeks have been marked by unusual scenes of horror in the west. The details are absolutely sickening. Case follows case in rapid succession, each passing above the other in ghastly pie-eminence. I have known more than one individual turn shuddering from the papers, little more now than records of death and extermination; lest they might be haunted by the description of misery they could neither alleviate nor forget. Just imagine a dreary Connaught highway, dotted with the dead, and here and there a moving skeleton passing over it with the corpse of some loved relative slung across the back by a rope, and if that is not enough, imagine the body slipping from the exhausted bearer and the head knocking against the ground. This is no ideal sketch, no invention of a Fieschlike imagination, but a plain unexaggerated narrative of fact sent to a metropolitan journal for publication, by a clergyman residing near the spot. The same individual describes other scenes of a like nature, hurrying on in the discharge of his sacred duty from one nucleus of pestilence to another, he passed a cabin under whose clay floor sleep in peace three who formerly moved about that wretched tenement, clung to the world until utterly exhausted, and then let go their hold of life and were buried where they fell, slain by the sordid, inhuman economy of English statesmen, as surely and unerringly as it sweeps away by cannon—which would be the less agonizing death.

ARTESIAN WELL.—This well in Charleston has reached a depth of 750 feet. No water, at least none of the right sort.

From the Anderson Gazette.

ARREST OF A COUNTERFEITER.

We have just learned from a friend, that Jephtha A. Doyle, the worthy Sheriff of Pickens district, was badly wounded by a pistol shot in arresting a man in Pickens district, on Sunday last charged with passing counterfeit money. The circumstances as related to us were as follows: two travellers, of respectable appearance, and well mounted, called to stay all night at the house of Col. Jephtha Norton, a few miles above Pickens C. H. In the morning they each presented a \$20 bill to have changed to pay their expenses. Col. Norton took their money and gave them small bills, but did not examine it particularly. After some time, however, he suspected all was not right, and upon examination discovered that the bills were counterfeit. The travellers by this time were several miles on their way. Col. Norton got a warrant, placed it in the hands of Mr. Doyle the Sheriff of Pickens, who summoned a posse, and made pursuit. They came up with the men at West Union 12 miles above, who upon being questioned as to where they lodged &c. the night before, took to their heels. The race was continued for some distance on horseback, when being closely pressed, the travellers left their horses, separated, and attempted to escape through the woods. Mr. Doyle pursued one, and on attempting to seize him, the man turned on him and fired a pistol, which took effect in his arm and side, inflicting a severe, though it is hoped not a fatal wound. Doyle's friends coming up, he was overpowered and taken to jail. The other escaped. Upon the person of the one arrested, was found a large amount of good money.

Since writing the above, we are informed that two men, of a similar description, passed a counterfeit twenty dollar Bill to Mr. A. D. Hembree, of this District, a few days before the occurrence in Pickens.

FIRE.—Within the last six weeks the city of fire has been heard much oftener than usual in our city, and in almost every case where the risk of very extensive damage was most imminent. In two of these, on the wharves, where hundreds of bales of cotton are exposed; on the Neck, in the midst of old wooden buildings and stables with hay-lofts, forming material as well calculated to feed a fire as any that could be collected. This morning about 2 o'clock, a fire occurred in a locality just of this character. It commenced in a store where dry goods were sold, by a Mr. Cochran, situated in King street, one or two doors North of Warren-street, on the Neck, consumed instantly some eight or ten wooden shanties in the vicinity—and was only stayed in its "devouring" career by the exertions of the Charleston Axmen—sustained by the Engine Companies. The Axmen by throwing down fences and cutting up some of the houses, circumscribed a limit to the flames when the wind not being very high they subsided.

The land on which the houses stood, we are informed, was leased, and belonged to the estate of Mrs. Shepherd. As far as we can ascertain there is no insurance on any of the houses burnt.

While on the ground this morning we heard that one of the fire companies, the Marion, had been unable to work their engine, the hose having been cut in several places. This fact united with other circumstances has induced the impression that the fire was the act of an incendiary.

—*Charleston News.*

From the Charleston Courier.
LATER FROM MONTREAL.—Advices from Montreal of Saturday, state that the excitement in that city continues, and much lawless violence has taken place. The consequence has been that the Government has ordered out 500 French constables, which gave a fresh impulse to the already inflamed rebels.

Twenty English gentlemen encountered three constables in the street and a row ensued. Shots were fired, and two persons were wounded, but not mortally. The Government, for the preservation of the peace of the city, had disarmed the constables.

Meetings had been held, and petitions to the Queen got up for the recall of Lord Elgin, and to disavow the Rebellion Indemnity Bill. The hotels and garisons were under arms, and cannon were planted in the streets, which had the effect of quelling the out-break for the time being. Rumors of riots at Kingston, Toronto, and other places, were rife, but no authenticated particulars are given.

CHOLERA IN TEXAS.—We learn from a private letter of a valued friend, dated Brownsville, 9th April, that the devastation created by cholera in that vicinity, has far once exceeded common rumor. In Matamoros, out of a population of seven thousand, one thousand have fallen victims to the epidemic, and there are now not over five thousand remaining in the city. All the towns on the Rio Grande, from the mouth up the Mier, have been terribly visited by the scourge, and it was feared that it would visit every town on the river. Brownsville and Point Isabel have suffered severely. In the neighborhood of Brownsville, the disease had materially abated. —*N. O. Picayune.*

MURDER.—John Price, who is said to have killed a man on the Charleston Race Course some years since, murdered his fourth man, George Campbell, the gambler, yesterday morning. Price has been arrested, and is in prison. This occurrence took place, we suppose, at Baltimore. Our correspondent does not mention where the act was committed. —*Char. Courier.*

Southern Baptist Convention.

To the Delegates of the Southern Baptist Convention.—BELOVED BROTHERN—In consequence of the presence of Cholera at Nashville, Tennessee, at which place the Convention was to be held this year, the brethren of that City have consented that the meeting shall be held on the 23rd instant in Charleston, S. C. on condition that the next meeting shall be held in Nashville in 1852. I have the concurrence of the Board of Foreign Missions in the proposed change and the acquiescence of the Board of Domestic Missions. And my Circular will appear accordingly in a few days. Meantime I inform you of the change as constitutionally made, and affectionately urge upon you, the importance of a large attendance, as the state of our Mission affairs, and the proposed conference on the subject of a General Theological Institution for the South, will require your presence in full meeting.

Affectionately your brother and fellow laborer. WILLIAM B. JOHNSON, President of the Convention.

N. B.—Our Southern Exchanges will please copy.

The columns of the Press throughout the country seem to be filled with notices of cures and specifics for all diseases flesh is heir to, that one scarcely knows what to do in case of disease, for fear that in using one medicine, another and better may be overlooked. But from the remarkable cures, high order and vast amount of testimony daily brought under our personal notice of the extraordinary efficacy of DR. ROGERS' LIVERWORT AND TAR, we are compelled to regard the evidence of our senses, and confidently state that for COUGHS and COLDS, and that HYDRY HEADED MONSTER CONSUMPTION, we think this preparation a safe, speedy and certain cure. At all events we say to our friends—try it. It can be obtained at J. D. CHASE'S Apothecaries Hall, and if it does not help them, nothing will.

April 18, 15

MARRIED.
On Thursday the 26th ult. Dr. WILLIAM S. DEXTER, to Miss HELEN F. SHEPARD, daughter of Mr. James Sheppard, all of this District.

OBITUARY.
DIED on the 6th inst. at his residence in this District of inflammation of the brain, Mr. HENRY STANLEY, in the 38th year of his age. He but seldom that Death strikes down his victims and leaves none to mourn over the work of his ruthless hand. But to the neighborhood in which the deceased lived, to his intimate friends, to his immediate family—his aged mother, the Rachel of modern times—his brothers and only sister—aye, to that widowed wife, whose only joy was to minister to his wants, and those dear little children that were wont to fondle on the paternal knee, there is left a vacuum that can never be filled. Possessing in a high degree all those endearing qualities that constitute the real gentleman; urbane in his manners, kind to his neighbors, affectionate in all his family relations, it is not strange that he drew around him so many warm and devoted friends. To know him was to love him.

It has been but the rare fortune of the writer, whose intimacy began in school-boy days, to be acquainted with one so universally beloved. It is in this capacity, therefore, that the good and bad qualities of our nature exhibit themselves; but there is not an instance within the recollection of the writer of this faint notice, wherein the deceased acted in a manner to get the ill will of the most censorious. And although there are many of us left to mourn and weep over his loss, it is a sweet reminiscence that we weep not over the frailties of his nature. S.

Butler Lodge No. 17.
K. O. G. F.
Regular meeting of this Lodge will be held on Monday evening next at 7 o'clock. ELBERT BLAND, Sec. May 9, 16

DR. E. F. TEAGUE
RESPECTFULLY offers his professional services in the practice of Medical, Surgery, and Obstetrics, to the Citizens of Edgefield Village and vicinity. Office in the Drug Store of Drs. Bland, Teague & Co. May 9, 16

A Card.
DR. G. G. BIRD, respectfully offers his professional services to the Citizens of Edgefield and its vicinity. Office opposite Compt's Hotel. May 9, 16

Notice.
THE Subscriber at the sign of the Golden Shoe, near the Spann Hotel, has opened the business of Black & Gunsmithing, in all its branches. In shoeing horses and in all other work of his trade, he warrants to give full satisfaction. Gunsmithing is done in all cases for cash. ISAAC BRANCH. May 9, 16

DRUGS & MEDICINES.
THE undersigned have associated themselves for the purpose of transacting the DRUG BUSINESS, and take great pleasure in announcing to the Physicians and community at large, that they are now receiving and opening at their new room, next door to Messrs. Bland & Butler, a large stock of Drugs which have been carefully selected by one of the firm in the Northern Markets. Our stock comprises every article usually kept in the Drug line.

We can and will sell as low as the same article can be obtained in Hamburg or Augusta Geo.

TERMS—On six Months time, five per cent discount for Cash.

E. BLAND, M. D.
E. F. TEAGUE, M. D.
A. G. TEAGUE, M. D.
Edgefield C. H. May 9, 16

Removal.
R. CAUSSE & CO. have removed to the Store adjoining Mr. S. F. Good's, where they will be happy to receive their old customers and as many new ones as they may find it to their advantage in paying the cash.

N. B.—Just received a lot of Summer Clothing which will be sold at a small advance.

R. C. & Co's Cash Store. April 25, 14

For Sale Cheap.
A good second hand Saddle, Bridle, Martingales and Saddle Blanket for \$10. J. D. CHASE. April 25, 14

We are authorized to announce Capt. T. DEAN, as a Candidate for Tax Collector, at the ensuing election.

New Spring and Summer GOODS.

William H. Crane.
AT HIS OLD STAND IN AUGUSTA.
HAS just received a large and splendid assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, among them are:
Rich Chaudron and Figured Silks, New Styles Foulard Silks and Tissues, Plain and Figured Satin Striped Berages, Rich Emb'd Lace Vessites, (new styles), Muslin Mantillas and Lace Spencers, Black Lace Veils, (Emb'd with white), French Organdies and Jacquets, Plain and Figured Lawns, (some very cheap) White Chinese Grass Cloth, (new articles for Ladies Dresses).
Small Spotted and Figured Swiss Dresses, Plain Changeable and Plaid Linen Gingham, White Jacquets and Swiss Muslins, (very cheap).
A large assortment of Gingham and Prints, Parasols, Sunshades, Parasollets and Umbrellas.
Black and Drab Queens Cloth, for Coats, Mohair Cord, Cashmere Tweeds, Linen Drillings, Striped and Plaid Drillings, Ladies' Misses and Youths' Cotton Hose, Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, Silk Gloves, &c. &c.

The above together with almost every description of DRY GOODS, he offers for sale on the lowest terms, and invites his friends and all others who want to purchase Goods low to call and examine his assortment.

May 9, 1849, 3t 16

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias, to me directed, I will proceed to sell at the residence of James Terry, on Saturday the 19th of May, at 2 o'clock, the following property in the following cases, viz:

C. J. Glover and others vs. James Terry one fine Sofa, two Centre Tables, Side Tables, Secretary, Book Case, fine Maple Chairs, and other articles of Furniture too tedious to mention.

One lot of Corn, four or five head of Cattle. Terms Cash.

S. CHRISTIE, s. e. d. May 5 1849. 2t 16

State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT, IN THE COURT OF ORDINARY.

Humphries Boulevard, Guard of Francis Richardson, Minor, Ap't ss. Jas. M. Richardson & J. S. Guinard, Executors of the last Will and Testament of David Richardson, Deceased.

IT appearing to my satisfaction that William T. Minter and wife, Samuel Hill and David I. Bell, Legatees under the Will of the said David Richardson, Deceased, live beyond the limits of this State. It is therefore ordered that they do appear before me in my Office at Edgefield Court House on Monday the Thirtieth day of August next, to show cause if any why the Accounts of the said James M. Richardson and James S. Guinard, Executors aforesaid, should not be accepted and a final settlement and Decree made upon said Estate. Given under my hand at my Office the 4th of May, 1849.

JOHN HILL, c. e. d. May 9, 16

State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT, IN ORDINARY.

BY JOHN HILL, Esq., Ordinary of Edgefield District.

Whereas John Quantleum, hath applied to me for Letters of Administration, on all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits of John Lowry, late of the District aforesaid, deceased.

These are, therefore, to cite and admonish all and singular, the kindred and creditors of the said deceased, to be and appear before me, at our next Ordinary's Court for the said District to be holden at Edgefield Court House on the 21st day of May inst., to show cause, if any why the said administration should not be granted.

Given under my hand and seal, this 7th day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine and in the seventy-third year of American Independence.

JOHN HILL, c. e. d. May 9, 16

NOTICE.
THE Subscriber is about to establish a Tan Yard in all its various branches, in the Town of Hamburg, takes pleasure in informing his friends and former customers that he will always feel happy in accommodating them on the most reasonable terms, with all articles in his line of business, such as BOOTS, SHOES, HARNESS, WAGGON GEARS and LEATHER of every kind, at the stand next door to J. J. Bryana's, and nearly opposite Roache's Hotel.

M. L. GEARTY. N. B.—The most liberal prices will be given for good Raw Hides and Tan Bark. Hamburg, May 9, 16

Bacon and Lard.
THE Subscriber has on hand about 2,000 lbs. choice BACON, which he offers at 5cts. cash, the hog round.

Also, a fine Lot of LARD at 10cts cash.

H. JENNINGS. May 2, 15

Just Received AND IN STORE.
15000 LBS. CHOICE COUN TRY CURED BACON at 8 cents Cash. BLAND & BUTLER. May 2, 15

Terms of Boarding &c. at the SPANN HOTEL.

EDGEFIELD, C. H. S. C.
Boarding per month by the year, \$12 50
Boarding and lodging per month by the year exclusive of lights, 15 00
Boarding and lodging per month by the months, 20 00
Boarding and lodging per week, 6 00
" " per day, 1 00
" " per meal, 50c
Boarding Horse per month by the year 10 00
" " day, 75c

Transient boarding or by the month, payable—Cash.
Regular boarding payable—Quarterly.
Those who have written to know the prices of boarding will please to refer to the above advertisement. The proprietor of this establishment expects to give and maintain for it a good character; but this we must leave those to judge who patronize it.

May 2, 15

HEAD QUARTERS, 2nd REGIMENT CAVALRY, S. C. M.

EDGEFIELD C. H. April 28th 1849.
Orders No.

THE Squadrons of the 2d Regiment of Cavalry will parade as follows, viz: The Edgefield Squadron will parade at Edgefield Court House on Saturday the 26th of May next, and the Abbeville Squadron at Abbeville Court House on Saturday the 2d of June following.

Commissioned and non-commissioned Officers will meet the day previous. Commanders of Squadrons are charged with the execution of this Order to their respective commands.

By order of THOS. W. LANHAM, Col. 2nd Regiment Cavalry.

JOHN F. TALBERT, Adjutant. The Abbeville Banner will please copy once. May 2, 15

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT, IN COMMON PLEAS.

E. W. Bancroft, Attachment.

R. S. Roberts.

THE Plaintiff in the above stated case having this day filed his Declaration in my Office, and the Defendant having neither writ nor Attorney known to reside within the limits of this State, on whom a copy of said Declaration with a Rule to Plead can be served. On motion of Mr. Thompson, Attorney for Plaintiff, ordered that said Defendant appear and plead to said Declaration, within a year and a day from the date hereof or judgment will be awarded against him by default.

THOS. G. BACON, c. e. d. Clerks Office, 28th April 1849. May 2, 15

Boarding for Young Ladies.

THE Subscriber will accommodate with boarding, eight or ten Young Ladies. His House is roomy and pleasantly situated, convenient to the Female Academies. Parents and Guardians may be assured that every attention necessary will be paid to Girls committed to his care.

EDMUND PENN. May 2, 15

Horns Creek Beat Company, ATTENTION.

YOU are hereby warned to be and appear day the 12th of May, armed and equipped as the law directs for drill and instruction.

By order of Capt. HARRISON. B. F. MAYS, c. s. May 2, 15

DRUG AND GENERAL STORE AGENCY.

THE Subscriber informs his friends and the public, that as Agent for a few friends who have engaged him to do business for them, he will keep on hand at the Post Office, a full supply of articles as above, which he will sell cheap for cash.

G. L. PENN, Agent. Feb. 7, 3

Cheap Liquors.

THE Subscriber intending to abandon the traffic of Ardent Spirits, offers for sale his remaining Stock, low for Cash.

Fourth Proof Brandy, at \$3.50, per gallon. Madeira Wine \$1.57 1/2, Holland Gin \$2.75. N. E. Rum, 75cts. Best Rye Whiskey \$1. Rectified Whiskey 62 1/2cts., all for Cash, and that in no less quantities than three gallons.

H. JENNINGS. April 18, 13

NOTICE.
THE undersigned as Assignee of Marcus Upson, gives notice to all persons having claims against the said Marcus Upson, and who are willing to take under the assignment, to render in their claims by the sixth day of August next. All persons indebted to the said Marcus Upson, are requested to make immediate payment.

SAMUEL STEVENS, Assignee. March 7 1849, 7

Lands for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale a valuable tract of land, lying seven miles West of Edgefield C. H., on the Abbeville Road, containing 450 acres, 250 of which are in woods. The cultivated lands are well improved, and there is a good Dwelling house, with all necessary out houses on the premises, in good repair. Terms favorable to the purchaser.

JOSEPH FERGUSON. April 11, 12

Sugar and Coffee.

1 hhd. Beautiful Light Brown SUGAR, twelve pounds for \$1.00.
1 hhd. Light Brown Sugar, 14lbs for \$1.
8 Bags best Rio Coffee, 11 1/2lbs. for \$1.
1 Chest best Hyson Tea, 75cts. per lb.
2 bbls. Crushed Sugar, 12 1/2cts. per pound.
1 Tierce Whole Rice, 20lbs. for \$1.00.

Just Received at R. CAUSSE & CO'S, Cheap Cash Store. April 18, 13

FINAL NOTICE.

CIRCUMSTANCES requiring that the business of G. L. & E. Penn should be settled up without delay. Notice is hereby given, that all Notes and Accounts not settled during Court, will be given out to an Officer for collection.

E. PENN, Agent. Feb. 28 1849. 6

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to Whitman R. Hill Deceased, are hereby notified to make payment, and all persons having claims against said Deceased will render them in properly attested. William M. Hill is appointed my Agent during my absence from the District.

T. S. DANIEL, Admr. April 6, 15

Executive Department.



CHARLESTON, April 19, 1849.

THE party claiming a requisition on the Governor of any State, should transmit the following papers: Affidavit before a Magistrate, setting forth the facts of the case; the Magistrate's warrant for the apprehension of the fugitive; certificate of the Clerk of the Court that— is a Magistrate, and certificate of the Clerk of the Court that— is Clerk of the Court.

By order of the Governor. B. T. WATTS, Executive Sec'y. April 25, 14

Executive Department.



CHARLESTON, April 19, 1849.

EVERY applicant for pardon should be accompanied by a copy of the Indictment, the Verdict of the Jury, the Sentence and Report of the presiding Judge, and the opinion of the Court of Appeals, when the case has been carried to that tribunal.

By order of the Governor. B. T. WATTS, Executive Sec'y. April 25, 14

A Nimble Thrip is better than a Slow Dime.

I WILL retail DRUGS & MEDICINES, cheaper than they are retailed elsewhere, in Edgefield, Hamburg, or Augusta, in proof of which, please look at my list of prices. All articles as good as the market affords.

Laudanum, Paregoric, and other Tinctures at 4cts an ounce.
Opodeldoc, Balsam of the Drops, British Oil, &c., 6cts a Bottle.
Sassa, 6cts. a pound, Camphor, 6cts an oz.
Madder, best kind, and Sal Eratus, 12 1/2cts a pound.
Sassa and Sedlitz Powders, from 20 to 50cts.

a Box.
Rat Poison and Mustard, 12 1/2cts. a Box.
Blacking, 6cts a Box.
Sarsaparilla from 50cts to \$1 a bottle.
Preston Smelling Salts, bottles re-filled.
Alcohol, pure, it will all burn \$1. per gallon; 30cts per quart.

Fourth Proof Brandy—1814—\$4.50 per gal. \$1. per bottle.

Port Wine, the best, \$4. per gallon, \$1 per bottle.

Wines and Liquors; of any description sold by the gallon, or cask. Purchaser granting me time to order the same from New York.

JOHN D. CHASE, M. D. April 11, 12

Notice.

THE Board of Commissioners of the Poor, will bind and receive the following boys and girls, the boys until they arrive at the age of twenty-one years, and the girls until they arrive at the age of eighteen years or marry viz:

Thomas Story, now seven years old.
Benjamin Busbee, now six years old.
Wesley Plym, now six years old.
George Fortner, now six years old.
Lucinda Story, now fourteen years old.
Hilda Story, now six years old.

Rebecca Plym, now fourteen years old.
Suzela Plym, now nine years old.
Lenora Fortner, now nine years old.
Edith Day, now fourteen years old.

They are sound and hearty children, and the Board of Commissioners, desire to place them in charge of persons of good character, that they may be reared in good morals, and industrious habits. Persons wishing to receive either of them will apply at the next meeting of the Board, at the Poor House of Edgefield District, on Tuesday after the first Monday in July next.

April 11, 11

Copartnership Notice.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the Public generally, that they have entered into a Copartnership, to carry on the Tailoring business, under the style of COLGAN & MAYS, and will do business next door to S. F. Goode. They intend keeping